RETAS: Repair Trouble Administration System

SCP: Service Control Point (database for LNP, LIDB, etc.)

SDE: Service Delivery Engineer

SDSL: Symmetrical Digital Subscriber Line SOP: Service Order Provisioning (System)

SR: Subscription Record. Each ported subscriber has a unique SR which contains

routing information such as, the LRN, Service Provider ID, SS7 addresses for LIDB

& CLASS

SS7: Signaling System 7

SSP: Service Switching Point (Switch connected to the SS7 Network)
STP: Signal Transfer Point (Routes SS7 data between SSPs and SCPs)

Tandem: A switch that only has a trunk side (no subscribers)

TIRKS: Trunks Integrated Record Keeping System
TISOC: Telecom Industries Service Operations Center

TN: Telephone Number

TOPIC: Telecommunications Outside Plant Interconnection Cabinet

TR, TG, RG: Tip to Ring, Tip to Ground, Ring to Ground

UDFR: Unbundled Dark Fiber Request
USLA: Unbundled Sub-Loop Arrangement
VADI: Verizon Advanced Digital, Incorporated

WFA-C, DI, DO: Work Force Administration-Control, Dispatch in, Dispatch out

WOT: Wired Office Test (date)

Appendix E

KPMG Consulting – Metrics Report, Revised – June 15, 2001

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission

Pennsylvania Commercial Availability Review

Final Report – Metrics Version 1.1

Submitted by:



June 15, 2001

I.	INTRODUCTION	3
II.	EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	3
III.	APPROACH	4
IV.	RESPONSES FROM CLECS	5
V.	REVIEW OF DATA RECEIVED FROM CLECS	9
VI.	CONCLUSIONS	25

I. INTRODUCTION

KPMG Consulting, Inc. (KPMG Consulting) was retained by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission (Pa. PUC) to assist in the Verizon Pennsylvania Commercial Availability Review. As directed by the Pa. PUC, KPMG Consulting performed the following two tasks: (1) an examination of metrics reports produced both by Verizon Pennsylvania and participating CLECs ("Metrics Study") and (2) limited reviews and observations of selected provisioning processes ("Provisioning Study"). The Provisioning Study is provided under a separate file.

The following report provides a summary of the results of the Metrics Study. This Study is delivered to the Commissioners and Staff of the Pa. PUC as a work product of the Pennsylvania Commercial Availability Review, and is intended only for their informational needs. No reproduction or publication of this report is allowed without the consent of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Public Utility Commission.

II. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Metrics Study was performed using Carrier-to-Carrier (C2C) data supplied by Verizon Pennsylvania to KPMG Consulting, the participating CLECs, and the Pa. PUC Staff for the purpose of testing the commercial availability of Verizon Pennsylvania's Operational Support Systems (OSS) and wholesale products. The study period covered the months of January, February, and March 2001. For each month of the study, the CLECs were asked to provide KPMG Consulting with issues related to the C2C reports. In collaboration with the Pa. PUC Staff, KPMG Consulting examined the issues raised by the CLECs and attempted to determine the causes of any identified discrepancies in results reported. The key points discovered during the study indicate: (1) we found no instances where CLEC-identified discrepancies with the Verizon Pennsylvania reported values could be fully substantiated; and (2) many differences between Verizon Pennsylvania and CLEC calculations appear to result from different interpretations of metric business rules and data inclusions and exclusions.

III. APPROACH

The primary purpose of the Metrics Study was to compare information and data provided by the CLECs to the corresponding information and data supplied by Verizon Pennsylvania. To do this, KPMG Consulting planned to do the following:

- Assist the Pa PUC in developing ground rules that each party to the evaluation (Verizon Pennsylvania and CLECs) must follow in providing input during the Commercial Availability Period, which was designated as January 1, 2001, through March 31, 2001.
- Examine, with the assistance of the Pa. PUC staff, Carrier-to-Carrier (C2C) Metrics Reports provided by Verizon Pennsylvania to the Pa. PUC for the Commercial Availability Period.
- Examine, with the assistance of the Pa. PUC staff, corresponding CLEC reports provided for the same reporting months.
- Identify and confirm discrepancies, with the assistance of Pa. PUC staff, between the Verizon Pennsylvania C2C Reports and the corresponding CLEC reports, as alleged by the CLECs based upon submitted supporting data. KPMG Consulting was not responsible for the resolution of any issues identified as a result of this examination.
- Investigate with the assistance of the Pa. PUC Staff the causes of any identified discrepancies.

A key assumption of this study was that the CLECs were to provide their metrics report data to KPMG Consulting in the same format as the Verizon Pennsylvania C2C reports. However, the participating CLECs reported they could not provide data in the same format as Verizon Pennsylvania, creating a situation where automated replication was not possible within the time frame of our review. As a result, the Pa. PUC Staff together with KPMG Consulting met with the participating CLECs to develop a list of 25 Key Metrics for the study (see Attachment A) for which the CLECs agreed to provide data in templates developed by KPMG Consulting at the direction of the Pa. PUC Staff.

June 15, 2001 4

Subsequently, the participating CLECs provided additional metrics and data beyond the originally agreed upon list of 25. KPMG Consulting agreed to expand the scope of the study to include these additional metrics and a modified approach was designed. The modified approach of the Metrics Study was to compare information and/or data provided by the CLECs to the corresponding C2C Reports and the processed data supplied by Verizon Pennsylvania. To accomplish this, KPMG Consulting planned to do the following:

- Receive the C2C reports and the processed data from Verizon Pennsylvania.
- Receive the data and/or information supplied by the CLECs.
- Identify discrepancies and/or differences, between the Verizon Pennsylvania information and the corresponding CLEC information.
- Investigate the cause(s) of any identified discrepancies(s) or difference(s).
- Document the finding(s) of our investigation.

As part of this study, KPMG Consulting has included in our analysis all the data provided by the participating CLECs. The purpose of the Metrics Study was to determine whether reported discrepancies between data provided by the CLECs and Verizon Pennsylvania could be confirmed. KPMG Consulting relied, in part, on the Metric business rules and definitions provided in the December 2000 Pennsylvania Carrier-to-Carrier Guidelines Performance Standards and Reports (C2C Guidelines) as a basis for a number of evaluations and findings.

IV. RESPONSES FROM CLECS

As indicated above, CLEC participation was required to perform the Metrics Study. Four CLECs responded with associated data and details asserting CLEC-calculated results that did not match Verizon Pennsylvania's calculated results for the same metric or sub-metric. Not all CLECs responded for each of the three months of the study. All participating CLECs provided from additional metrics not found on the List of 25 Key Metrics.

June 15, 2001

¹ Processed data is data that has moved through Verizon Pennsylvania systems and is at the point where it is usable in metric calculations.

1. Respondents with data results not equaling Verizon Pennsylvania's Carrier-to-Carrier (C2C) results for the first test month (January, 2001)

AT&T

AT&T responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's January C2C Report indicating a difference in results for six sub-metrics. Those sub-metrics are:

- OR-1-04: Percent On-Time LSRC, Less Than 10 lines (No Flow through) UNE-POTS and Platform
- PR-1-01: Average Interval Offered (No Dispatch) INP, Hot Cuts, Platform, 2-wire xDSL Line Sharing
- PR-3-03: Percent Completed in 3 Days, 1-5 Lines (No Dispatch)
- PR-4-02: Average Delay Days (Total)
- PR-4-05: Percent Missed Appointment Verizon Pennsylvania (No Dispatch) Platform
- NP-1-01: Percent Final Trunk Group Blockage

WorldCom

WorldCom responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's January C2C Report indicating a difference in results of two metrics/sub-metrics. Those metrics/sub-metrics are:

- PO-2-02: OSS Interface Availability Prime Time Web-GUI Pre-ordering and Maintenance
- BI-4-01: Percent Usage Accuracy

2. Respondents with data results not equaling Verizon Pennsylvania's Carrier-to-Carrier (C2C) results for the second test month (February, 2001)

AT&T

AT&T responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's February C2C Report indicating a difference in results of five sub-metrics. Those sub-metrics are:

- OR-6-01: Percentage Accuracy Orders
- PR-1-01: Average Interval Offered (No Dispatch) INP, Hot Cuts, Platform, 2-wire xDSL Line Sharing
- PR-2-01: Average Interval Completed (No Dispatch) INP, Hot Cuts, Platform, 2-wire xDSL Line Sharing
- PR-9-01: Percent on Time Performance Hot Cuts
- BI-4-01: Percent Usage Accuracy

WorldCom

WorldCom responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's February C2C Report indicating a difference in results of three metrics/sub-metrics. Those metrics/sub-metrics are:

- PO-2-02: OSS Interface Availability Prime Time Web-GUI Pre-ordering and Maintenance
- BI-2-01: Timeliness of Carrier Bill
- BI-4-01: Percent Usage Accuracy

WorldCom also submitted one additional sub-metric (OR-3-01) not found on the List of 25 Key Metrics, plus data relative to issues with Billing Completion Notification (BCN). KPMG Consulting reviewed the additional sub-metric and BCN issues. In part because of the lack of a BCN metric in the December 2000 C2C Guidelines, KPMG Consulting was not able to draw any conclusions about the BCN issues raised.

XO Pennsylvania, Inc.

XO Pennsylvania, Inc. (XO) responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's February C2C Report indicating a difference in results of three metrics/sub-metrics from the List of 25 Key Metrics. Those metrics/sub-metrics are:

- OR-6-01: Percent Accuracy Orders
- OR-6-03: Percent Accuracy Local Service Request Confirmation UNE
- PR-6-01: Percent Install Troubles Reported in 30 Days xDSL Loop

XO also submitted two additional sub-metrics (OR-2-04 and PR-6-02) not found on the List of 25 Key Metrics. They also raised Firm Order Confirmation completeness and relevancy issues.

Covad Communications Company

Covad Communications Company responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's February C2C Report indicating a difference in results of seven metrics/sub-metrics from the List of 25 Key Metrics. Those metrics/sub-metrics are:

- PR-2-01: Average Interval Completed (No Dispatch) INP, Hot Cuts, Platform, 2-wire xDSL Line Sharing
- PR-2-02: Average Interval Completed (Total Dispatch) xDSL Loops
- PR-3-03: Percent Completed in 3 Days 1-5 Lines No Dispatch
- PR-3-10: Percent Completed in 6 Days 1-5 Lines (Total) xDSL Loop
- PR-4-02: Average Delay Days (Total)
- PR-4-05: Percent Missed Appointment Verizon Pennsylvania (No Dispatch) Platform
- PR-6-01: Percent Install Troubles Reported in 30 Days xDSL Loop

Covad Communications Company also submitted an additional sub-metric (MR-2-02) and several metrics not found on the List of 25 Key Metrics plus completeness and relevancy issues.

June 15, 2001 8

3. Respondents with data results not equaling Verizon Pennsylvania's Carrier-to-Carrier (C2C) results for the third test month (March, 2001)

AT&T

AT&T responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's March C2C Report indicating no differences in results from the List of 25. However, AT&T submitted two sub-metrics (OR-5-01 & OR-5-03) not found on the List of 25 Key Metrics, and raised BCN issues.

WorldCom

WorldCom responded to Verizon Pennsylvania's March C2C Report indicating a difference in results of three metrics/sub-metrics. Those metrics/sub-metrics are:

- PO-2-02: OSS Interface Availability Prime Time Web-GUI Pre-ordering and Maintenance
- BI-2-01: Timeliness of Carrier Bill
- BI-4-01: Percent Usage Accuracy

WorldCom also submitted two additional sub-metrics (OR-3-01 & OR-4-02) not found on the List of 25 Key Metrics. In addition, they raised Completion Notification flow-through and completeness issues.

V. REVIEW OF DATA RECEIVED FROM CLECS

For each month of the study, CLECs were asked to provide KPMG Consulting with issues related to the January, February, and March 2001 C2C Reports. In some instances, raw report data supporting the allegations were supplied. This data was reviewed by KPMG Consulting and where possible was used in the process of assessing the issues raised. The following tables list the results of our investigation for each metric examined in the study.

Table V-1: Pre-Ordering

PO-1	АТ&Т	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania has problems with their LNP orders	Jańuary	AT&T provided negative comments in written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
PO-2	АТ&Т	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania has problems with their OSS interface	January	AT&T provided negative comments in written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.

	and the second			
PO-2-02	WorldCom	WorldCom	January,	Although Verizon and WorldCom use the same
		reviewed Verizon	February,	high-level business rule, KPMG Consulting
		Pennsylvania's	March	found a mismatch in the calculations. Verizon
		reporting on PO-2-		factors in the number of "boxes" (i.e.,
		02 (OSS Interface		transaction processors) shown on the C2C
		Availability),		Report. WorldCom did not factor in the number
	1	which is only		of boxes and therefore the value WorldCom
	-	reported on a		calculated for PO-2-02 is different from the
		CLEC Aggregate		value reported by Verizon.
		basis. In Verizon		
		Pennsylvania's		
		C2C Report, the		
		Prime Time Web		
		GUI (pre-order)		
		for PA was		
		reported available		
		99.89% of the		
		time. Based on its		
		calculations,		
		WorldCom claims		
		that Verizon		
-		Pennsylvania		
		failed to meet the		
		standard in both		
		January and		
		February 2001.		
		WorldCom		
		calculated a value		
		of 84.54% in		
		February for this		
		metric and		
		provided an		
		attachment to		
		support its		
		calculation.		

June 15, 2001 11

Table V-2: Ordering

OR-1-04	АТ&Т	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania understated this metric. AT&T states the value should be 90.02 while Verizon Pennsylvania reported 90.3	January	Verizon Pennsylvania supplied considerably more orders than did AT&T. In addition, AT&T showed two orders as confirmed when Verizon Pennsylvania showed the same two orders as rejected. The reason for this mismatch in data can only be determined by performing data integrity analysis on both Verizon Pennsylvania and AT&T data sets.
OR-2-02	WorldCom	WorldCom states that Verizon Pennsylvania overstated the actual number of observations and understated the actual the number of rejects.	January, February	This is similar to AT&T's issue with the ordering metrics. KPMG Consulting found that Verizon Pennsylvania's data set did not match the data set provided by WorldCom. Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both the WorldCom and Verizon Pennsylvania data to determine why this mismatch occurs.
OR-2-04	WorldCom	WorldCom states that Verizon Pennsylvania overstated the actual number of observations and understated the actual the number of rejects.	January, February	This is similar to AT&T's issue with the ordering metrics. KPMG Consulting found that Verizon Pennsylvania's data set did not match the data set provided by WorldCom. Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both the WorldCom and Verizon Pennsylvania data to determine why this mismatch occurs.
OR-2-04	хо	XO points out that Verizon Pennsylvania did not meet the standard.	February	See Above

	The second secon			
OR-3-01	WorldCom	WorldCom states that their data showed significantly more observations than did the data from Verizon Pennsylvania.	January, February, March	This is similar to AT&T's issue with the ordering metrics. KPMG Consulting found that Verizon Pennsylvania's data set did not match the data set provided by WorldCom. Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both the WorldCom and Verizon Pennsylvania data to determine why this mismatch occurs.
OR-4-01	АТ&Т	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania understated this metric. AT&T states the value should be 85% while Verizon Pennsylvania reported 100%	January	Verizon Pennsylvania supplied considerably more orders as part of its metrics data set than did AT&T. This is the same data set as used to calculate OR-1-04. In addition, AT&T showed two orders as confirmed when Verizon Pennsylvania showed the same two orders as rejected. The reason for this mismatch in data can only be determined by performing data integrity analysis on both Verizon Pennsylvania and AT&T data sets.
OR-4-02	WorldCom	WorldCom states that Verizon Pennsylvania did not capture 6500 orders.	January, February, March	This is similar to AT&T's issue with the ordering metrics. KPMG Consulting found that Verizon Pennsylvania's data set did not match the data set provided by WorldCom. Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both the WorldCom and Verizon Pennsylvania data to determine why this mismatch occurs.
OR-5	AT&T	AT&T states that their experience is lower than the CLEC industry average.	January, March	Based on the data we've received from Verizon, KPMG Consulting believes Verizon's reported value to be correct. Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both Verizon and AT&T data sets in order to determine why Verizon and AT&T differ in their calculation.

OR-6	AT&T	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania failed to meet the standard.	January	AT&T provided negative comments in a written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
OR-6-01	хо	XO points out that Verizon Pennsylvania did not meet the standard.	February	XO's complaint seems to be based on the "remedies" report. This project concerns itself with the data from the C2C Report. In addition, XO did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
OR-6-03	хо	XO stated that their data showed 87% completeness and Verizon Pennsylvania showed it to be 97%.	February	Verizon Pennsylvania does use sampling with this metric. It is not the intention of this report to address the sampling methodology used by Verizon Pennsylvania in calculating this metric.

Table V-3: Provisioning

PR-1	АТ&Т	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania understated this metric. AT&T states the value should be 2.75 days while Verizon Pennsylvania reported 1.65 days.	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate the Provisioning metrics. AT&T does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by AT&T. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000. In addition, it is questioned why this is a measure defined by parity requirements; Verizon Pennsylvania does not have a structurally equal product with matching data.
PR-2	i .		Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.

PR-2-01	Covad		January, February	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.
PR-3-03	AT&T	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania understated this metric. AT&T states the value should be 84.23 % while Verizon Pennsylvania reported 97.87%.	January	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate the Provisioning metrics. AT&T does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by AT&T. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.

PR-3-03	Covad		January, February	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.
PR-3-10	Covad	Covad points out that Verizon Pennsylvania did not achieve parity with retail. In addition, Covad claims Verizon Pennsylvania must have manipulated data.	February	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.

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PR-3-11	Covad	Covad states that Verizon Pennsylvania understated the number of line sharing arrangements as well as the actual metric value	January, February	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000. In addition, Covad did not supply any supporting data.
PR-4-02	AT&T	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania overstated this metric. AT&T states the value should be 3.4 days while Verizon Pennsylvania reported 4 days. In addition, AT&T stated that it submitted 10 orders while Verizon Pennsylvania only reported 2.	January	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. AT&T does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by AT&T. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.
PR-4-02	Covad	Covad states that	January, February	Covad provided negative comments in a written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.

June 15, 2001

			984,1 - 198,198 Sector: 188,198	
PR-4-05	AT&T	AT&T states that Verizon Pennsylvania understated this metric. AT&T states the value should be 1.8 % while Verizon Pennsylvania reported 0.27%.	January	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate the Provisioning metrics. AT&T does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by AT&T. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.
PR-4-05	Covad	Covad states that Verizon Pennsylvania performed poorly in this metric.	January, February	Covad provided negative comments in a written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
PR-5-01	Covad	Covad states that the metric understates the actual lack of facilities problem by excluding those loops that have not been provisioned.		Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.

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PR-6-01	Covad	Covad states that Verizon Pennsylvania did not achieve parity and that their metric calculation is incorrect	January, February	Verizon Pennsylvania uses an internal field to create the extract used to calculate this metric. Covad does not have access to this data and therefore the data set used by Verizon Pennsylvania differs from that used by Covad. This results in a difference in all provisioning metrics. This internal field used by Verizon Pennsylvania is the CRIS date. A complete description of the issue surrounding CRIS date can be found on page 608 of the PA Final Report dated December 22, 2000.
PR-6-01	хо	XO points out that Verizon Pennsylvania did not meet the standard.	February	XO provided negative comments in a written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
PR-6-02	хо	XO points out that Verizon Pennsylvania did not meet the standard.	February	XO provided negative comments in a written format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.

Table V-4: Maintenance & Repair

MR-2-02	Covad	Covad states that the metric understates the actual lack of facilities problem by excluding those loops that have not been provisioned.		Covad provided negative comments in written format but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
MR-4	Covad	1	, •	Covad provided negative comments in written format but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.

Table V-5: Network Performance

	37ho			
NP-1-01	AT&T	AT&T states that	January,	AT&T provided negative comments in written
		the blockage on dedicated final	1	format, but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the
		trunk groups is		Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
		disturbing and		
		discriminatory.		

Table V-6: Billing

BI-2	WorldCom	WorldCom states that Verizon Pennsylvania sent bills on time only 50% of the time	February, March	Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both Verizon Pennsylvania and WorldCom data to confirm the reported discrepancy.
BI-3	WorldCom	WorldCom states that Verizon Pennsylvania's bills are not presented in an agreed-upon format. Therefore, WorldCom is unable to calculate this metric.		WorldCom provided negative comments in written format but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.
BI-4	WorldCom	WorldCom states that Verizon Pennsylvania reported 100% accuracy when their data showed it to be 93.64%.	January, March	Data integrity analysis would need to be performed on both Verizon Pennsylvania and WorldCom data to confirm the reported discrepancy.
BI-4-01	AT&T	AT&T states that only 80% of the DUF orders attributed to them are actually theirs.	January	Although AT&T says Verizon Pennsylvania's reported value does not match AT&T's experience, AT&T does not provide it's own value and therefore no comparison is possible.
B I-6	WorldCom		January, February	WorldCom provided negative comments in written format but did not challenge the reported results and did not provide data for comparison to the Verizon Pennsylvania reported results.